

Llywodraeth Cymru Welsh Government

Learning and Skills (Wales) Measure 2009

Local curriculum for pupils in Key Stage 4 guidance

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Guidance

Guidance document no: 005/2014 Date of issue: March 2014

Learning and Skills (Wales) Measure 2009

Audience

Local authorities; regional consortia; governing bodies of maintained secondary schools; headteachers of maintained secondary schools; governing bodies of further education institutions; principals of further education institutions; 14–19 Network partners; Estyn.

Overview

This statutory guidance aims to provide details about how the Learning and Skills (Wales) Measure 2009, as amended by the Education (Local Curriculum for Pupils in Key Stage 4) (Wales) (Amendment) Regulations 2014, will work in practice to benefit young people, the economy and communities in Wales.

Action required

Full compliance with the Education (Local Curriculum for Pupils in Key Stage 4) (Wales) Regulations 2009, as amended by the Education (Local Curriculum for Pupils in Key Stage 4) (Wales) (Amendment) Regulations 2014, by the school year 2014/15.

Further information

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Additional copies

This document can be accessed from the Welsh Government's website at www.wales.gov.uk/educationandskills

Related documents

See Annex C.



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Summary

The Learning and Skills (Wales) Measure 2009 ("the Measure") provides a statutory basis for 14–19 Learning Pathways.

The 14–19 Learning Pathways policy has transformed the curricula provision and support for learners, helping to raise achievement and attainment, prepare young people for high skilled employment or higher education and enable Wales to compete in Europe in the 21st century. Encompassing the basic principles of this policy in a legal framework ensures that the policy will be implemented in a consistent way to the benefit of 14–19 year old learners across Wales.

The Measure received the support of the National Assembly on 17th March 2009 and gained Royal Approval on 13th May 2009.

The Measure has secured the creation of local curricula that will contain a wide range of courses and opportunities which learners aged 14–19¹ in Wales have the right to elect from. The Measure also sets out the entitlement of learners to follow their elected course of study.²

The Measure places a duty on local authorities in Wales to form local curricula for learners in Key Stage 4. It also provides Welsh Ministers with regulation making powers to stipulate the minimum number of courses of study to be included within a local curriculum, and the minimum number of vocational courses of study to ensure that local area curricula contain a wide range of options of study both academic and vocational in nature.

This guidance is concerned with the local curriculum for pupils in Key Stage 4. For Post 16 learners Welsh Ministers will form the local curricula. Welsh Ministers will set the minimum number of courses of study to be included within a local curriculum, and the minimum number of vocational courses of study to ensure that, as at Key Stage 4, local area curricula contain a wide range of options of study both academic and vocational in nature.

¹ That is those aged 14 up to (but not including) 19th birthday.

² Should a learner change school/further education college after making their elections, the entitlement ceases. If a head teacher or principal is satisfied that any of the grounds set out in section 9 (Key Stage 4) or section 28 (16–18 learners) of the Measure apply the head teacher or principal may decide a learner is not entitled to follow their elected course study.

Duties on local authorities

- Each local authority will be responsible for forming, for its area, one or more local curricula for pupils in Key Stage 4.
- Each local authority must exercise their functions in relation to local curricula so as to promote access to and availability of courses of study which are taught through the medium of the Welsh language. Within two months of the end of each academic year, a local authority must provide the Welsh Ministers with a report describing; the courses of study included in the local curricula through the medium of Welsh; how many pupils elected to follow such courses and were entitled to do so; what the authority plans to do in the following academic year(s) so that pupils are given the opportunity to follow local curricula courses of study taught through the medium of Welsh.
- In relation to the local curriculum or curricula (for Key Stage 4 and students aged 16 to 18) for the area of a local authority, the local authority must take all reasonable steps in order to maximise the availability of courses of study included in a local curriculum.

Local authorities will also be under a duty to have regard to a series of guidance issued by Welsh Ministers under the Measure and to comply with directions of Welsh Ministers.

Duties on Head teachers and Governing Bodies of Maintained Schools

- Where a pupil is entitled to follow a course of study (Key Stage 4), the governing body of the pupil's school must ensure that the course is made available to the pupil.
- The governing body and head teacher of maintained secondary schools must assist the local authority in planning the local curricula for pupils in Key Stage 4.
- In relation to the local curriculum or curricula for Key Stage 4 pupils, the governing body of a maintained secondary school must take all reasonable steps in order to maximise the availability of courses of study included in a local curriculum for the local authority area.

• A head teacher must provide pupils of the school with a learning pathway document, recording his or her learning pathway, including the courses of study the pupil is entitled to follow and any learner support services to be provided.

If a head teacher is satisfied that, in relation to decisions as to entitlement, any of the grounds set out in section 116F of the Education Act 2002, inserted by section 9 of the Measure, apply then the head teacher may decide that a pupil is not entitled to follow a course of study which he/she had elected to follow.

Similarly, if a head teacher is satisfied that, in relation to decisions to remove entitlement, any of the grounds set out in section 116H of the Education Act 2002, inserted by section 11 of the Measure, apply then the head teacher may decide that a pupil is no longer entitled to follow a course of study that he/she was entitled to follow (section 116H of the Education Act 2002 inserted by section 11 of the Measure).

Head teachers and governing bodies of maintained secondary schools will also be under a duty to have regard to a series of guidance issued by Welsh Ministers under the Measure and to comply with directions of Welsh Ministers.

Duties on Principals and Governing Bodies of Further Education Institutions

- The governing body and principal of an institution within the further education sector must assist the local authority in planning the local curricula for pupils in Key Stage 4.
- In relation to the local curriculum or curricula for Key Stage 4 pupils for the area of a local authority, the governing body of an institution within the further education sector situated within that area must take all reasonable steps in order to maximise the availability of courses of study included in local curricula.

Principals and governing bodies of institutions within the further education sector will also be under a duty to have regard to a series of guidance issued by Welsh Ministers under the Measure and to comply with directions of Welsh Ministers.

Guidance

This statutory guidance is issued under sections 116B, 116I and 116K of the Education Act 2002 as inserted by Part 1 of the Measure, and sets out actions required to support the Key Stage 4 provisions. These are:

• Local curricula: Welsh language

Guidance may be given to a particular local authority, or to authorities of a particular class or to authorities generally, regarding the promotion of access and availability to courses of study taught through the medium of the Welsh language. Local authorities must have regard to any such guidance given by Welsh Ministers (section 116B(2) of the Education Act 2002).

• Planning the local curriculum

The governing body and head teacher of any maintained secondary school maintained by the authority and the governing body and principal or other head of an institution within the further education sector in the authority's area must have regard to any guidance by Welsh Ministers as to exercise of their functions in planning the local curriculum (section 116I (3) of the Education Act 2002).

• Joint-working: guidance and directions

Local authorities, the governing body of any maintained secondary school and the governing body of an institution within the further education sector in the authority's area must have regard to any guidance from Welsh Ministers as to discharge of their duties to maximise the availability of courses (section 116K(1) of the Education Act 2002.



Learning and Skills (Wales) Measure 2009 March 2014 Guidance Circular No: 005/2014

1. 14–16 local curricula: promoting access and availability of Welsh-medium courses

Background

1.1 The expansion of Welsh-medium and bilingual learning in post-14 provision is one of the Department for Education and Skills (DfES) priorities in line with the 14–19 Learning Pathways agenda and policy document *The Learning Country: Vision into Action*, The Welsh-medium Education Strategy (published 2010) and *A living language: a language for living – Welsh Language Strategy 2012–17*.

1.2 The Education (Local Curriculum for Pupils in Key Stage 4) (Wales) Regulations 2009, as amended by the Education (Local Curriculum for Pupils in Key Stage 4) (Wales) (Amendment) Regulations 2014, require a minimum number of vocational courses in a local curriculum, and local authorities should in particular bear this in mind when discharging their duty to promote access to and availability of courses of study which are taught through the medium of the Welsh language.

1.3 The Welsh Government's Welsh Medium Education Strategy Strategic Aim 2 is "To improve the planning of Welsh-medium provision in the post 14 phases of education and training, to take account of linguistic progression and continued development of skills". The School Standards and Organisation (Wales) Act 2013 places a statutory requirement on local authorities to prepare and introduce a Welsh in Education Strategic Plan that will provide the means for the Welsh Government to monitor the way in which local authorities respond and contribute to the implementation of the Welsh-medium Education Strategy and related targets therein.

Planning at Local Level: LAs and 14–19 networks

1.4 In planning and forming the local curricula for their area, local authorities must promote access to and the availability of courses of study which are taught through the medium of the Welsh language. In the discharge of this duty a local authority must have regard to any guidance given by Welsh Ministers.

1.5 Local authorities should demonstrate that full consideration has been given to linguistic continuity and progression in developing courses for the local curriculum at Key Stage 4. 1.6 In seeking to promote access and availability the local authority should:

- support networks in ensuring that Welsh-medium and bilingual institutions are properly represented;
- consider the appropriateness of establishing Welsh-medium sub-groups which would be able to consider the planning needs of the Welsh-medium and bilingual sectors in more detail;
- facilitate cross-border partnerships between Welsh-medium and bilingual providers where this assists the development of 14–19 Welsh-medium and bilingual education;
- ensure that information and good practice in the delivery of Welsh-medium and bilingual education is shared.
 Where appropriate use should be made of Welsh-medium/ Bilingual Regional Forums or similar structures.

Linguistic Continuity

1.7 The promotion of linguistic continuity of study should be an integral part of the planning of local curricula at Key Stage 4 by all local authorities. It is therefore essential that the local authority should take all appropriate steps to ensure that a young person who has followed some or all of his/her subjects through the medium of Welsh at Key Stage 3 should be given the opportunity to do so at Key Stage 4. The quality of a young person's linguistic experience should be viewed holistically when planning the local curriculum. A young person's wish to continue to follow his/her education through the medium of the Welsh language should be fully taken into account when planning the delivery of the curriculum.

1.8 For a course to be classified as a Welsh-medium course within a local curriculum, all aspects of the course should be available through the Welsh language; the teaching and the assessment procedure in its entirety, and the learning resources where appropriate³.

³ For example, it may be deemed appropriate to use of original source material in a history course in the language of its origin.

1.9 In authorities where there is no Welsh speaking school, the local authority should seek to make arrangements with neighbouring authorities for provision for learners who wish to study through the medium of Welsh. Local authorities with Welsh speaking schools may also choose to make such arrangements for provision with neighbouring authorities for some pupils within the local authority area.

1.10 Where a pupil attends a Welsh speaking school,⁴ then in forming the local curriculum for that school, a local authority should ensure that the pupil is able to access a local curriculum that meets the minimum entitlement (as set out in The Education (Local Curriculum for Pupils in Key Stage 4) (Wales) Regulations 2009, as amended by the Education (Local Curriculum for Pupils in Key Stage 4) (Wales) (Amendment) Regulations 2014) through the medium of Welsh. However, in order to recognise existing practice where Welsh speaking schools currently deliver some courses through the medium of English the institution may count this toward the local curricula minimum entitlement.

1.11 No action should be taken that would unfavourably affect the existing proportion of Welsh-medium courses within Welsh speaking schools. Any increase in local curriculum courses offered via a Welsh speaking school should therefore entail an increase in Welsh-medium course provision. For schools defined as category 1 Welsh-medium schools or Bilingual schools in category 2A⁵ in Information document No: 023/2007: Defining schools according to Welsh-medium provision⁶, there should be no increase in the number of English medium courses.

⁴ For the purpose of this guidance the definition of a 'Welsh speaking' school in section 106(4) of the Education Act 2002 (National Curriculum requirements) is used. This states: '[...] a school is Welsh-speaking if more than one half of the following subjects are taught (wholly or partly) in Welsh – (a) religious education, and

⁽b) the subjects other than English and Welsh which are foundation subjects in relation to pupils at the school'.

⁵ Category 1 – All subjects (including RE and PSE) apart from English are taught through the medium of Welsh to all pupils, although some schools may introduce English terminology in one or two subjects.

Category 2A – At least 80% of subjects apart from English and Welsh are taught only through the medium of Welsh to all pupils. One or two subjects are taught to some pupils in English or in both languages.

⁶ www.new.wales.gov.uk/topics/educationandskills/publications/guidance/ definingschools?lang=en.



Reporting Requirements

1.12 Section 116B(4) of the Education Act 2002 sets out that a local authority must provide the Welsh Ministers with a report which:–

- (a) describes the courses of study included within local curricula established by the authority for that academic year which were to be taught through the medium of Welsh;
- (b) describes how many pupils elected⁷ to follow such courses under section 116D and how many pupils were entitled⁸ to follow such courses under section 116E;
- (c) explains what the authority plans to do in academic years following that to which the report relates so that registered pupils of schools maintained by the authority are given the opportunity to follow local curricula courses of study which are taught through the medium of Welsh.

1.13 Reports required under this provision must be provided within two months of the end of the academic year⁹.

1.14 The local curricula for each local authority area will be established by March of each year and the curricula offer will specify the courses of study that will be taught through the medium of Welsh.

1.15 Careers Wales on Line¹⁰ provides a mechanism to collect local curricula information and the local authority should ensure that information, including language of delivery, is input on Careers Wales on Line.

1.16 This will enable the local authority to run automated reports that will fulfil reporting obligations under 1.142 (a). An example report is shown at Annex A.

 $^{^{7}\,}$ This is the number of pupils opting for each course described in 1.14(a).

⁸ This is the number of pupils who are studying each of the courses in 1.14(a).

⁹ See article 3 of the Learning and Skills (Wales) Measure 2009 (Commencement No. 1 and Transitional provision) Order 2009, S.I. 2009/3174 (W.276).

¹⁰ www.new.careerswales.com/prof.

1.17 The final two columns will need to be updated to provide information on how many pupils elected to follow these courses and how many pupils were entitled to follow such courses. Completion of these columns will provide the necessary information detailed in 1.142 (b).

1.18 The Welsh Medium Education Strategy sets out the Welsh Government's vision for an education and training system that responds in a planned way to the growing demand for Welsh-medium education. Local authorities must submit a Welsh Education Strategic Plan according to The Welsh in Education Strategic Plans and Assessing Demand for Welsh Medium Education (Wales) Regulations 2013. Schedule 2 paragraphs 13, 14, 15 and 16 indicate the requirements with regard to 14–19 Welsh-medium provision.

The submission of the local authority's Welsh Education Strategic Plan will fulfil the reporting requirements under 1.12 (c).

1.19 In the interim years, local authorities should review their return and submit an annual update to Welsh Ministers, reporting on progress toward their three year plan and note any revisions.



2. Planning the local curriculum: Key Stage 4

Background

2.1 14–19 Learning Pathways policy aims to transform provision and support for learners, raise achievement and attainment, prepare young people for high skilled employment or higher education and enable Wales to compete in Europe in the 21st century.

Education (Local Curriculum for Pupils in Key Stage 4) (Wales) Regulations 2009 as amended by the Education (Local Curriculum for Pupils in Key Stage 4) (Wales) (Amendment) Regulations 2014

2.2 The key objective of the Measure is to improve outcomes and attainment for 14–19 learners. The Measure creates a right for learners aged 14–19 in Wales to elect to follow a course of study from a local curriculum. Each local curriculum will contain a wide range of options of study, both academic and vocational. Delivering a wider choice of courses will help ensure that learners have an improved opportunity to pursue the course of study best suited to their individual interests, learning styles, skills and abilities; and will contribute to improved outcomes for learners.

2.3 By regulations¹¹, Welsh Ministers can specify the minimum number of courses of study necessary to form a local curriculum at Key Stage 4. The Education (Local Curriculum for Pupils in Key Stage 4) (Wales) Regulations 2009 (the local curriculum regulations) set out that by 2012, each local curriculum must contain a minimum of 30 courses and consist of a minimum of 5 vocational courses of study. The Education (Local Curriculum for Pupils in Key Stage 4) (Wales) (Amendment) Regulations 2014 have reduced the minimum requirement to 25 courses, of which 3 must be vocational.

2.4 To ensure learners have genuine access to a minimum of 25 courses, where a course is offered in both Welsh and English in a single local curriculum, this should constitute just one choice. Where courses, such as GCSE and GCSE short courses in the same subject are included in a single local curriculum, just one choice

¹¹ www.opsi.gov.uk/legislation/wales/wsi2009/wsi_20093256_en_1.

should be recorded. Where a BTEC First Certificate and a BTEC First Diploma in the same subject are included in a single local curriculum, just one course should be recorded.

Formation of the local curricula for pupils in Key Stage 4

2.5 Each local authority must form, for its area, one or more local curricula for pupils in Key Stage 4¹². In determining the appropriateness of local curricula clusters or a single local curriculum model for its area, a local authority should be informed by existing 14–19 Network cooperative developments and the obligation to maximise the availability of courses of study included in local curricula. Each local curriculum formed must meet the minimum requirements set out in the local curriculum regulations.

2.6 Existing partnerships and cooperative arrangements may show Welsh-medium, bilingual or faith institutions working together. The local authority should be sensitive to choices made by learners to attend these institutions and promote local curricula clusters that reflect these choices.

2.7 A local authority should also consider the efficiency and effectiveness of the local curriculum model. This should include consideration of practical and logistical factors. Any process for the selection of an appropriate local curriculum model should have as its central consideration the need to improve outcomes for learners.

Duty to assist the local authority in planning the local curricula

2.8 The governing body and head teacher of any maintained secondary school, with the exception of community or foundation special schools, must assist that local authority in planning the local curricula.¹³



¹² (s116A Education Act 2002). ¹³ (s.116I Education Act 2002).

2.9 Similarly, the governing body and principal or other head of an institution within the further education sector in the local authority's area must assist a local authority in planning the local curricula.

2.10 Planning the local curricula means the process by which a local authority, in consultation with partners, decides which courses of study to include in the local curricula.

Cross border cooperation

2.11 It may be advantageous for those who must assist the local authority to plan the local curriculum for its area¹⁴ – "local curriculum planners" – to consider the sharing or inclusion of provision with education providers outside of the local authority. This will be particularly relevant for Welsh-medium provision and may also have relevance for some institutions whose nearest school or further education college may be situated in a neighbouring local authority.

Role of the Network

2.12 The 14–19 Regional Networks¹⁵ have worked to expand the choice of courses available to learners within their respective area and secure appropriate progression opportunities for learners. The local authority should fully employ the 14–19 Regional Network in forming a local curriculum. This will ensure developments and considerations are not restricted to 14–16 years, but extend to the 14–19 context to facilitate continuity and coherence for learners.

General responsibilities for education

2.13 Each local authority is under a duty to secure that there are sufficient schools available in their area to provide for all pupils the opportunity of appropriate education¹⁶. Appropriate education is that which offers such variety of instruction and training as may be desirable in view of the pupils' different ages, abilities and

¹⁴ S. 116I of the Education Act 2002.

¹⁵ A 14–19 Network is a strategic partnership of learning providers, the local authority and other organisations in the statutory and voluntary sector, working toward improved outcomes for 14–19 learners.

¹⁶ (s14 Education Act 1996).



aptitudes. This includes learners with additional learning needs. Local curriculum planners will need to address the general responsibilities for education, along with the requirements of the local curriculum regulations.

2.14 The local curriculum regulations set out that each local curriculum must consist of a minimum of 25 level 2¹⁷ courses.

2.15 Curriculum planners must have regard to guidance issued on special educational needs and additional learning needs; the Special Education Needs Code of Practice for Wales 2002, and Inclusion and Pupil Support Guidance 2006.

2.16 Learners who are unable to access level 2 courses due to their additional learning needs should have opportunities to pursue a choice of courses that allow them to make good progression towards level 2 qualifications. Where this is not possible due to the severity of the individual's need, the courses should lead towards independent living and working within the community.

2.17 There should be an appropriate range of courses below level 2 to meet the need of learners for whom these programmes are most suitable.

Curriculum design

2.18 Learner interest and demand should be a key factor in determining the local curriculum. Planners will be aware that for a local curriculum to be viable it has to be attractive to young people. Learner surveys, where available, will provide a valuable insight into local learner interests and preferences. If learner surveys are not available curriculum planners should identify an appropriate means of obtaining such information. For example, this could consist of a sampling of learner opinion.

2.19 When planning local curricula, Head teachers, Principals and their Governing Bodies together with the local authority should take account of available labour market intelligence and local and regional priorities. This will help ensure the future needs and

¹⁷ Where level 2 cannot be delivered pre 16, for example due to health and safety requirements, the relevant level 1 qualification will constitute the course.

future priorities of the economy and business sector are reflected and help secure that learners are provided with the opportunity to gain suitable skills and qualifications for the work environment. Use should be made of, but not limited to, information available within local authority and Welsh Government published reports.

2.20 Planners should seek to ensure that local curriculum providers progressively move toward reducing unnecessary duplication of provision. Duplication can be seen as unnecessary where its existence results in excess capacity within a defined local curriculum area. In such circumstances provision could be more effectively delivered by one partner school or institution on behalf of others within the cluster. Over time, such adjustments could assist individual institutions in maximising the number of courses they are able to offer their learners. This would, for example, be achieved by the releasing of resources for an expanded cooperative curriculum offer.

2.21 When commissioning or developing a new course for inclusion in local curricula, planners should consider curriculum balance and identify the subject areas that may be relatively less developed in a local curricula. Consideration should also be given to the need to develop courses in existing areas of provision if there is an increasing demand for them.

2.22 Particular attention should be paid to courses that have been included in the local curriculum in any preceding two years but have not run. Curriculum planners should not repeatedly include such provision in a local curriculum without reason to believe the course would attract sufficient learners to run.

Realisable curriculum offer

2.23 All courses included within a local curriculum must be accessible to the learners covered by that local curriculum. This includes travel arrangements where necessary.However curriculum planners should fully explore the potential



to use modern technologies to avoid learners having to travel, and also the movement of course deliverers in the first instance. Where planners conclude that travel is necessary to achieve wider choice, they should seek to limit this, and full or half day arrangements should be used where possible.

Quality of provision

2.24 The quality of the learning experience should be a fundamental consideration when planning the local curricula. Planners should ensure that any cooperative or shared provision included in a local curriculum meets appropriate quality thresholds as defined within the common inspection framework. The base school¹⁸ should ensure that appropriate quality processes are in place for any cooperative course in which their learners are engaged. Sources of information to assist in such considerations could include the most recent Estyn inspection, attainment or value added data from the learning provider, and self assessment report detailed in the Regional Network Development Plan or from the learning provider.

Impartiality

2.25 Information should be given in an impartial manner and advice should be tendered which is considered to promote the best interest of the young person and does not seek to promote the interests or aspirations of any school, institution or other person or body against the best interests of the young person concerned. The preparation of materials for the selection of courses by learners should therefore treat both cooperative course provision and non cooperative course provision in an equitable way.

Process for cooperative provision

2.26 Curriculum planners should develop agreed processes and protocols for cooperative provision to provide support and clarity in partnership working. As a minimum these should set out the roles and responsibilities of the partner organisations in cooperative provision.

¹⁸ The base school is the school at which the pupil is registered.

2.27 Some Networks and partnerships have developed and are currently operating comprehensive processes and protocols; others have effective service level agreements. Curriculum planners may wish to be informed by these, however they should satisfy themselves that any processes they may adopt are appropriate and sufficient for their area. All key partners should be involved in the development of any protocols or processes.

 Joint working: cooperation arrangements – Key Stage 4

Maximisation and cooperation arrangements

3.1 A key objective of Learning and Skills (Wales) Measure 2009 is to maximise the availability of courses of study included in a local curriculum. Section 116J of the Education Act 2002 as inserted by section 13 of the Measure provides that this duty includes, but is not limited to, a duty to seek to enter into cooperation arrangements where the relevant persons, local authorities and governing bodies of schools and further education institutions) have concluded that it would further that objective to enter into such arrangements.

3.2 There is a duty on local authorities and governing bodies to take *all reasonable steps* to maximise the availability of courses of study available within the local curriculum. This should ensure that the learner has the widest possible choice of courses from the local curriculum.

3.3 These provisions refer to the establishment of the maximum realisable choice for learners from a local curriculum. Maximisation should be seen in the context of the resource level available.

3.4 When considering whether the objective will be furthered by entering into cooperation arrangements the relevant steps will need to be followed to consider how the range of courses might be enhanced and how entering into cooperation arrangements may lead to the needs of learners being better met. Cooperation between providers is not intended for its own sake but is intended to enhance the learning opportunities and experiences of young people.

3.5 In seeking to secure the maximum from resources available there are a number of steps to be undertaken. These are:

i. **Step 1:** Identification of the resource available for the establishment of the local curricula to include the range of courses available within a school or further education institution.



- ii. Step 2: Consider the full resource implications of entering into, or not entering into, a cooperation arrangement¹⁹. This should include objective economic justification for the use of available resources and whether the use of available resources (human, physical and financial) would be improved by cooperation. In addition consideration should be given to whether cooperation arrangements would lead to further release of such resources over time. Such cooperation arrangements may be with other schools, further education institutions or training providers.
- iii. **Step 3:** Establish an economically viable local curricula offer that meets or exceeds the minimum requirements under the Measure and reflects local and national priorities.
- iv. **Step 4:** Assess whether it is possible to expand the planned available local curricula for some learners within the planning year without compromising the planned available local curricula for other learners within the planning year. This will, where there are a number of local curricula within an area, entail considering whether availability of courses in more than one local curriculum can be secured for learners over time.

3.6 If it is possible to expand the available local curricula for some learners without reducing the local curricula for other learners then the availability of the local curricula for a given year has not been maximised.

3.7 If it is not possible, from the allocated resource base, to expand the availability of the local curricula for some learners without compromising the availability of the local curricula for other learners then the availability of the local curricula can be said to be maximised.

3.8 The governing body should demonstrate that it has addressed the steps set out in 3.5. Furthermore, when assessing the curriculum offer consideration should be given to the quality of the learning experience available at the individual school or further education institution. In particular it should be considered whether a broader range of courses, perhaps of improved quality, could be provided by a cooperation arrangement.

¹⁹ A cooperation arrangement exists where two organisations or more work together to provide a course, or courses of study, for a learner or learners.

3.9 In the normal course of events cooperation arrangements should lead to benefits in terms of more efficient and effective use of resources and to the release of resources. It is expected that a governing body will be able to maximise the availability of local curricula courses by entering into cooperative arrangements and that a cooperation arrangement or cooperation arrangements will be entered into. A governing body that is not seeking to enter into such arrangements should be able to show that it has considered such arrangements properly and has an objective justification for not seeking to enter into them.

3.10 The local authority has the responsibility to form the local curricula at Key Stage 4. If the local authority is of the opinion that a school is not maximising the availability of the local curricula then it should provide a written statement to the school as to its opinion. This may occur, for example, where a school is not cooperating with other institutions or is engaging in a very limited level of cooperative activity.

3.11 The school subject to this written opinion of the local authority should provide a written response to the concerns raised by the local authority.

3.12 The school and local authority should seek to resolve the disagreement via a dialogue between the local authority and the institution based on the written responses of both parties. Where an agreement cannot be reached the local authority should forward all written documentation to the 7–19 Subject Support team in DfES.

3.13 It is possible for Welsh Ministers to request that a local authority and/or school provide an assessment and justification of their actions in regard to the maximisation of the local curriculum should there be, for example, concerns as to whether sufficient development is taking place.

3.14 Welsh Ministers have the power to direct governing bodies of maintained secondary schools, governing bodies of further education institutions and local authorities as to the entering into of cooperation arrangements.



Annex A: Local curricula offer report at Key Stage 4²⁰

KS4 Local Curriculum report for: 2014–2015

Date of Report: February 2014

Name of Provider:

Name of Network: _____

Measure	Outcome	Aim	Achieved
Minimum of 25 Choices (Combined General and Vocational)	25	25	Y
Minimum of 3 Vocational Choices	7	3	Y

²⁰ The example report below shows the data required from the provider, although may not capture all fields.

Qualification Title	DAQW Link	Vocational	14–19 Grant Funded	Language	Choice Contribution	Provide
WJEC Level 1/Level 2 GCSE in Chemistry	60056484	G		E	1	Your Scho
WJEC Level 1/Level 2 GCSE in Design and Technology (Graphic Products)	50080751	G		E	1	Your Scho
WJEC Level 1/Level 2 GCSE in Design and Technology (Resistant Materials Technology)	5008074X	G		E	1	Your Scho
WJEC Level 1/Level 2 GCSE in Physics	60055546	G		E	1	Your Scho
WJEC Level 1/Level 2 in Science A	60010368	G		E	1	Your Scho
WJEC Level 1/Level 2 in Home Economics: Food and Nutrition	60055716	G		E	1	Your Scho
OCR Level 1/Level 2 GCSE in Physical Education	50046718	G		E	1	Your Scho
OCR Level 1/Level 2 GCSE in Physical Education (Short Course)	50046482	G		E	0	Your Scho
WJEC Level 1/Level 2 GCSE in English Language	6007095X	G		E	1	Your Scho
WJEC Level 1/Level 2 GCSE in English Literature	6009686X	G		E	1	Your Scho
WJEC Level 1/Level 2 GCSE in French	60055662	G		E	1	Your Scho
WJEC Level 1/Level 2 GCSE in German	60055698	G		E	1	Your Scho
WJEC Level 1/Level 2 GCSE in Music	60056447	G		E	1	Your Scho
WJEC Level 1/Level 2 GCSE in Geography B	60060815	G		E	1	Your Scho
WJEC Level 1/Level 2 in History	6010174X	G		E	1	Your Scho
WJEC Level 1/Level 2 GCSE in Religious Studies B	60055790	G		E	1	Your Scho
WJEC Level 1/Level 2 GCSE in Religious Studies B (Short Course)	60055479	G		E	0	Your Scho
OCR Level 1/Level 2 GCSE in Art and Design	50046810	G		E	1	Your Scho
WJEC Level 2 Welsh Baccalaureate Intermediate Diploma	5001805X	G		E	1	Your Scho
Essential/Key Skills						
WJEC Level 2 Key Skills in Problem Solving	10038346	G		E	1	Your Scho
Vocational						
Pearson Edexcel Level 1/Level 2 GCSE in Information and Communication Technology (ICT)	50075755	V		E	1	Your Scho
AQA Level 1/Level 2 GCSE in Performing Arts (Double Award)	50044023	V		E	1	Your Scho
AQA Level 1/Level 2 GCSE in Performing Arts	50044047	V		E	0	Your Scho
Pearson BTEC Level 2 Certificate in Construction (QCF)	50072389	V		E	1	Your Scho
Pearson BTEC Level 2 Extended Certificate in Engineering (QCF)	50075779	V		E	1	Your Scho
Pearson BTEC Level 2 Certificate in Vehicle Technology (QCF)	60048542	V		E	1	Your Scho
OCR Level 2 NVQ Certificate in French (QCF)	50101079	V		E	1	Your Scho
OCR Level 2 NVQ Certificate in Welsh (QCF)	50121996	V		E	1	Your Scho

er	Collaborative partners	Number of pupils electing to follow this course
ool		
ool		
ool		

Annex B: Regulations



OFFERYNNAU STATUDOL CYMRU

2009 Rhif 3256 (Cy.284)

ADDYSG, CYMRU

Rheoliadau Addysg (Cwricwlwm Lleol ar gyfer Disgyblion yng Nghyfnod Allweddol 4) (Cymru) 2009

NODYN ESBONIADOL

(Nid yw'r nodyn hwn yn rhan o'r Rheoliadau)

Mewnosododd Mesur Dysgu a Sgiliau (Cymru) 2009 (mccc 1) ("y Mesur") ddarpariaethau newydd yn Rhan 7 o Ddeddf Addysg 2002 ("Deddf 2002"). Mae Rhan 7 yn ymwneud â'r cwricwlwm mewn ysgolion a gynhelir yng Nghymru. O ganlyniad i Ran 1 o'r Mesur, caiff y cwricwlwm mewn ysgolion uwchradd a gynhelir yng Nghymru ei changu i gynnwys hawlogaethau disgyblion mewn cwricwlwm lleol yng nghyfnod allweddol 4. Mae'r Rheoliadau hyn yn gwneud darpariaeth o ran llunio'r cwricwlwm lleol, y dewisiadau y caiff disgybl eu gwneud, penderfyniad y pennaeth o ran hawlogaeth, a phenderfyniad y pennaeth i ddileu hawlogaeth.

Mae rheoliad 3 yn darparu bod yn rhaid i awdurdod lleol lunio un cwricwlwm lleol neu fwy ar gyfer ei ardal mewn da bryd i alluogi disgyblion i ddewis dilyn cwrs astudio yn unol â rheoliad 8.

Mae rheoliad 4 yn darparu ar gyfer isafswm o gyrsiau a chyrsiau galwedigaethol i gael eu cynnwys mewn cwricwlwm lleol. Erbyn blwyddyn ysgol 2012-2013 rhaid i bob cwricwlwm lleol gynnwys o leiaf 30 o gyrsiau astudio ar lefel 2 NQF, y mae'n rhaid i o leiaf 5 ohonynt fod yn rhai galwedigaethol.

Mac rheoliad 5 yn darparu bod yn rhaid i bob cwricwlwm lleol gael gwerth lleiafswm o bwyntiau. Os bydd cwricwlwm yn cynnwys 30 o gyrsiau astudio rhaid bod gan y cyrsiau hynny werth pwyntiau cyfunol nad yw'n llai na 780. Pennir y gwerth pwyntiau ar gyfer pob cwrs astudio yn y Gronfa Ddata Cymwysterau Cymeradwyedig yng Nghymru (www.daqw.org.uk). WELSH STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

2009 No. 3256 (W.284)

EDUCATION, WALES

The Education (Local Curriculum for Pupils in Key Stage 4) (Wales) Regulations 2009

EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This note is not part of the Regulations)

The Learning and Skills (Wales) Measure 2009 (nawm 1) ("the Measure") inserted new provisions into Part 7 of the Education Act 2002 ("the 2002 Act"). Part 7 concerns the curriculum in maintained schools in Wales. As a result of Part 1 of the Measure the curriculum in maintained secondary schools in Wales is expanded to include the local curriculum entitlements of pupils in key stage 4. These Regulations make provision as to the formation of the local curriculum, the elections a pupil may make, the head teacher's decision as to entitlement, and the head teacher's decision to remove an entitlement.

Regulation 3 provides that a local authority must form one or more local curricula for its area in sufficient time to enable pupils to elect to follow a course of study in accordance with regulation 8.

Regulation 4 provides for a minimum number of courses and vocational courses to be included in a local curriculum. By the school year 2012-2013 all local curricula must contain at least 30 courses of study at NQF level 2, of which at least 5 must be vocational.

Regulation 5 provides that each local curriculum must have a minimum points value. Where a curriculum consists of 30 courses of study such courses must have a combined points value of no less than 780. The points value for each course of study is set out in the Database of Approved Qualifications in Wales (www.daqw.org.uk). Regulation 6 provides for the Mae rheoliad 6 yn darparu ar gyfer gwerth lleiafswm o bwyntiau i gyrsiau galwedigaethol a gaiff eu cynnwys mewn cwricwlwm lleol. Os bydd cwricwlwm lleol yn cynnwys 5 o gyrsiau galwedigaethol rhaid iddynt gael gwerth pwyntiau cyfunol nad yw'n llai na 260.

Mae rheoliad 7 yn darparu na chaiff disgybl ddewis dilyn cwrs neu gyrsiau astudio os yw cyfanswm pwyntiau cwrs neu gyrsiau o'r fath yn fwy na 180. Rhaid i'r dewis hwnnw gael ei wneud yn ystod tymor y gwanwyn yn y flwyddyn o flaen honno pan fydd y disgybl yn mynd i gyfnod allweddol 4 (rheoliad 8).

Mae rheoliad 9 yn darparu ar gyfer y weithdrefn sydd i'w dilyn gan y pennaeth pan fydd yn penderfynu, yn unol ag adran 116F(1) o Ddeddf 2002, p'un a oes hawlogaeth gan y disgybl i ddilyn cwrs neu gyrsinu astudio. Mae rheoliad 9 hefyd yn darparu ar gyfer y weithdrefn sydd i'w dilyn os bydd disgybl yn dymuno gofyn i'r pennaeth adolygu ei benderfyniad o dan adran 116F(1) o Ddeddf 2002.

Mae rheoliad 10 yn darpara ar gyfer y weithdrefn sydd i'w dilyn gan y pennaeth pan fydd yn penderfynu, yn unol ag adran 116H(1) o Ddeddf 2002, nad oes bellach gan ddisgybl hawlogaeth i ddilyn cwrs neu gyrsiau astudio. Mae rheoliad 10 hefyd yn darparu ar gyfer y weithdrefn sydd i'w dilyn os bydd disgybl yn dynnuno gofyn i'r pennaeth adolygu ei benderfyniad o dan adran 116H(1) o Ddeddf 2002.

Mae rheoliad 11 yn gwneud darpariaeth ar gyfer penderfynu'r terfynau amser i hysbysiadau o dan y Rheoliadau hyn. minimum points value of vocational courses included in a local curriculum. Where a local curriculum consists of 5 vocational courses they must have a combined points value of no less than 260.

Regulation 7 provides that a pupil may not elect to follow a course or courses of study if the aggregate points of such a course or courses exceed 180. Such election must be made during the spring term in the year preceeding that which the pupil enters key stage 4 (regulation 8).

Regulation 9 provides for the procedure to be followed by the head teacher when he or she determines, pursuant to section 116F(1) of the 2002 Act, whether the pupil is entitled to follow a course or courses of study. Regulation 9 also provides for the procedure to be followed if a pupil wishes to request the head teacher to review his or her determination under section 116F(1) of the 2002 Act.

Regulation 10 provides for the procedure to be followed by the head teacher when he or she determines, pursuant to section 116H(1) of the 2002 Act, whether the pupil is no longer entitled to follow a course or courses of study. Regulation 10 also provides for the procedure to be followed if a pupil wishes to request the head teacher to review his or her determination under section 116H(1) of the 2002 Act.

Regulation 11 makes provision for determining the time limits for notices under these Regulations.

OFFERYNNAU STATUDOL CYMRU

2009 Rhif 3256 (Cy.284)

ADDYSG, CYMRU

Rheoliadau Addysg (Cwricwlwm Lleol ar gyfer Disgyblion yng Nghyfnod Allweddol 4) (Cymru) 2009

6	nmaed	8 Rhugfyr 2009	
	Sonahiyd gerbron Cynulliad Teneullaethol Cymru	10 Rhagfyr 2009	
y	n dod i rom	1 Ionawr 2010	

Mae Gweinidogion Cymru drwy arfer y pwerau a roddwyd iddynt gan adrannau 116A(5), 116D(2), 116F(3), 116H(3), a 210 o Ddeddf Addysg 2002(1) yn gwneud y Rheoliadau canlynol.

Enwi, cychwyn a chymhwyso

L.-(1) Enw'r Rheoliadau hyn yw Rheoliadau Addysg (Cwriewlwm Lleol ar gyfer Disgyblion yng Nghyfnod Allweddol 4) (Cymru) 2009 ac maent yn dod i rym ar 1 Ionawr 2010.

(2) Mae'r Rheoliadau hyn yn gymwys o ran Cymru.

Dehongli

2. Yn y Rheoliadau hyn-

mae "ardal awduedodau lleol A" ("local authority anur A") yn cyntwys Cyngor Bwrdeistref Sirol Blaenau Gwent, Cyngor Bwrdeistref Sirol Caerffili, Cyngor Caerdydd, Cyngor Sir Ddinbych, Cyngor Sir Fynwy, Cyngor Dinas Casnewydd, Cyngor Dinas a Sir Abertawe, Cyngor Bro Morgannwg, Cyngor Bwrdeistref Sirol Wreesam;

mae "ardal awdundodau lleol B" ("local anthority area B") yn cynnwys Cyngor Sir Caerfyrddin, Cyngor Bwrdeistref Sirol Castell-nedd Port Talbot, WELSH STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

2009 No. 3256 (W.284)

EDUCATION, WALES

The Education (Local Curriculum for Pupils in Key Stage 4) (Wales) Regulations 2009

8 December 2009	
10 December 2009	
1 January 2010	
	10 December 2009

The Welsh Ministers in exercise of the powers conferred on them by sections 116A(5), 116D(2), 116F(3), 116H(3), and 210 of the Education Act 2002(1) make the following Regulations.

Title, commencement and application

 (1) The title of these Regulations is the Education (Local Curriculum for Pupils in Key Stage 4) (Wales) Regulations 2009 and they come into force on I January 2010.

(2) These Regulations apply in relation to Wales.

Interpretation

2. In these Regulations-

"the 2002 Act" ("Dedily 2002") means the Education Act 2002;

"local authority" ("avubridod lleol") means a local education authority in Wales;

"local authority area A" ("artkal asschurdodare lleol A") consists of Blaenau Gwent County Borough Council, Caerphilly County Borough Council, Cardiff Council, Deubighshire County Council, Monmouthshire County Council, Newport City

^{(1) 2002} p.32. Mewnesodwyd adran 116A gan adran 4 o Fesir Dyrgu a Sgilian (Cymru) 2009 (mccc 1). Mewnesodwyd adran 116D gan adran 7 o Fesir Dyrgu a Sgiliau (Cymru) 2009. Mewnesodwyd adran 116F gan adran 9 o Fesir Dyrgu a Sgiliau (Cymru) 2009 s mewnesodwyd adran 116G gan adran 10 o Fesir Dyrgu a Sgiliau (Cymru) 2009 s (Cymru) 2009.

^{(8) 2002} e.32. Section 116A was inserted by section 4 of the Learning and Skills (Wales) Measure 2009 (navem 1). Section 116D was inserted by section 7 of the Learning and Skills (Wales) Measure 2009, Section 116F was inserted by section 9 of the Learning and Skills (Wales) Measure 2009 and section 116G was inserted by section 00 of the Learning and Skills (Wales) Measure 2009.

Cyngor Sir Penfro, Cyngor Bwrdeistref Sirol Rhondda Cynon Taf, Cyngor Bwrdeistref Sirol Torfaen;

mae "ardal awdardodau lleol C" ("locul anthority awar C") yn cynnwys Cyngor Sir Ynys Môn, Cyngor Bwrdeistref Sirol Pen-y-bont ar Ogwr, Cyngor Sir Ceredigion, Cyngor Bwrdeistref Sirol Conwy, Cyngor Sir y Fflint, Cyngor Gwynedd, Cyngor Bwrdeistref Sirol Merthyr Tudfal, Cyngor Sir Powys;

ystyr "awdurdod lleol" ("local anthority") yw awdurdod addysg lleol yng Nghymru;

ystyr "cymhwyster sgil allweddol" ("key skill quafification") yw cymhwyster a restrir yn y Gronfa Ddata Cymwysterau Cymeradwyedig yng Nghymru(1) a gynhelir ac a gyboeddir gan Weinidogion Cymru o bryd i'w gilydd;

ystyr "Deddf 2002" ("the 2002 Act") yw Deddf Addysg 2002;

mae i "disgybl cofrestredig" yr ystyr a roddir i "registered pupil" yn adran 434 o Ddeddf Addysg 1996(2);

ystyr "diwrnod gwaith" ("working duy") yw diwrnod nad yw'n ddydd Sadwrn, yn ddydd Sul, nac yn ŵyl y banc o fewn ystyr Deddf Bancio a Thrafodion Ariannol 1971(3);

ystyr "NQF" ("NQF") yw'r Fframwaith Cymwysterau Cenedlaethol sy'n cynnwys cymwysterau wedi'u hachredu gan Weinidogion Cymru, yr Awdardod Cymwysterau a Chwriewlwm a'r Cyngor dros Gwriewlwm, Arholiadau ac Asesu yng Ngogledd Iwenddon;

ystyr "lefel NQF" ("NQF level") yw'r lefel neu lefelau yr achredir cynnwysterau iddynt o fewn yr NQF;

ystyr "person perthrasol" ("relevant person") yw'r disgybl ynghyd â rhiant iddo;

ystyr "pwyntiau" ("polnts") yw'r pwyntiau a ddyreenir i gwrs neu gyrsiau astudio gan y Gronfa Ddata Cynrwysterau Cymeradwyedig yng Nghymru;

ystyr "tymor y gwanwyn" ("spring term") yw'r ail dymor ysgol yn y flwyddyn ysgol yn yr ysgol y mae'r disgybl yn ddisgybl cofrestredig ynddi ac sy'n digwydd yn y flwyddyn ysgol yn union o flaen y flwyddyn ysgol pan fydd y disgybl yn mynd i gyfnod allweddol pedwar; ac Council, City and County of Swansea Council, Vale of Glamorgan Council, Wrexham County Borough Council;

"local authority area B* ("ardal asubrilodan ileol B*) consists of Carmarthenshine County Council, Neath Port Talbot County Borough Council, Pembrokeshine County Council, Rhondda Cynon Taff County Borough Council, Torfaen County Borough Council;

"local authority area C* ("artial awdurdodan ileol C") consists of Isle of Anglescy County Council, Bridgend County Borough Council, Ceredigion County Council, Conwy County Borough Council, Flintshire County Council, Gwynedd Council, Merthyr Tydfil County Borough Council, Powys County Council;

"key skill qualification" ("cymhwyster sgil ollweddol") means a qualification listed as such in the Database of Approved Qualifications in Wales(1) maintained and published by the Welsh Ministers from time to time;

"NQF" ("NQF") means the National Qualifications Framework comprising qualifications accredited by the Welsh Ministers, the Qualifications and Curriculum Authority and the Council for the Curriculum, Examinations and Assessment in Northern Ireland:

"NQF level" ("lefel NQF") means the level or levels to which qualifications are accredited within the NQF;

"points" ("proyntion") means the points allocated to a course or courses of study by the Database of Approved Qualifications in Wales;

"registered pupil" ("disgrbl cofrostredig") has the same meaning as in section 434 of the Education Act 1996(2);

"relevant person" ("person perthnorof") means both the papil and a parent of his or hers;

"spring term" ("tymor y gwawwyw") means the second school term in the school year for the school at which the pupil is a registered pupil and which occurs in the school year immediately before the school year in which the pupil will enter the fourth key stage;

"summer term" ("ywow yr hag") means the third school term in school year for the school at which the pupil is a registered pupil and which occurs in the school year immediately before the school year in which the pupil will enter the fourth key stage; and

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⁽¹⁾ Cyfeiriad y wyfan ar gyfer y Gronfa Ddata Cynwysterau Cynarodwyodig yng Nghynnu yw www.daqw.org.uk.

^{(2) 1995} p.56.

^{(3) 1971} p.80.

The website address for the Database of Approved Qualifications in Wales is www.dapw.org.uk.

^{(2) 1996 €.56.}

ystyr "tymor yr haf" ("suwmer terw") yw'r trydydd tymor ysgol yn y flwyddyn ysgol yn yr ysgol y mae'r disgybl yn ddisgybl cofrestredig ynddi ac sy'n digwydd yn y flwyddyn ysgol yn union o flaen y flwyddyn ysgol pan fydd y disgybl yn mynd i gyfnod allweddol pedwar.

Liunio'r cwricwiwm lleol

 Rhaid i awdurdod lleol lunio ar gyfer ei ardal un cwricwlwm lleol neu fwy yn unol ag adran 116A o Ddeddf 2002 a'r Rheoliadau hyn mewn da bryd cyn dechrau'r flwyddyn ysgol i atluogi disgyblion i ddewis dilyn ewrs astudio yn unol â rheoliad 8.

Lleiafswm cyrsiau astudio mewn cwricwla lleol

4.-(1) Yn ddarostyngedig i baragraff (4) rhaid i'r cwriewlwm lleol ar gyfer pob ysgol uwchradd a gynhelir yn ardal awdardodau lleol A ar gyfer y flwyddyn ysgol 2010 i 2011 a phob blwyddyn ysgol wedyn gynrwys lleiafswm o 30 o gyrsiau astudio ar lefel 2 NOF, y mae'n rhaid i o leiaf 5 ohonynt fod yn rhai galwedigaethol.

(2) Yn ddarostyngedig i baragraff (4) rhaid i'r cwriewlwm lleol ar gyfer pob ysgol uwehradd a gynhelir yn ardal awdurdodau lleol B gynrwys-

- (a) ar gyfer y flwyddyn ysgol 2010 i 2011 lleiafswm o 28 o gyrsiau astudio ar lefel 2 NQF, y mae'n rhaid i o leiaf 4 oborynt fod yn rhai galwedigaethol; a
- (b) ar gyfer pob blwyddyn ysgol wedyn lleiafswm o 30 o gyrsiau astudio ar lefel 2 NQF, y mae'n rhaid i o leiaf 5 ohonynt fod yn rhai galwedigaethol.

(3) Yn ddarostyngedig i baragraff (4) rhaid i'r cwricwlwm lleol ar gyfer pob ysgol uwchradd a gynhelir yn ardal awdurdodau lleol C gynrwys-

- (a) ar gyfer y flwyddyn ysgol 2010 i 2011 Ileiafwwm o 26 o gyrsiau astudio ar lefel 2 NQF, y mae'n rhaid i o leiaf 4 ohonynt fod yn rhai galwedigaethol;
- (b) ar gyfer y flwyddyn ysgol 2011 i 2012 lleiafswm o 28 o gyrsiau astudio ar lefel 2 NQF, y mae'n rhaid i o leiaf 4 obonynt fod yn rhai galwedigaethol; ac
- (c) am bob blwyddyn ysgol wedyn lleiafswm o 30 o gyrsiau astudio ar lefel 2 NQF, y mae'n rhaid i o leiaf 5 ohonynt fod yn rhai galwedigaethol.

(4) Caiff awdardod lleol gynnwys cwrs astudio ar lefel 1 NQF yn hytrach na chwrs ar lefel 2 NQF yn y cwriewlwm lleol ar gyfer ysgol uwchradd a gynhelir o fewn ei ardal os nad yw'r cwrs hwnnw ar gael ar lefel 2 NQF i ddisgyblion yng nghyfnod allweddol podwar. "working day" ("diwrood gwaith") means any day other than a Saturday, a Sanday or a day which is a bank holiday within the meaning of the Banking and Financial Dealings Act 1971(1).

Formation of local curriculum

3. A local authority must form for its area one or more local curricula in accordance with section 116A of the 2002 Act and these Regulations in sufficient time before the start of a school year to enable pupils to elect to follow a course of study in accordance with regulation 8.

Minimum number of courses of study of local curricula

4.-(1) Subject to paragraph (4) the local curriculum for every maintained secondary school in local authority area A for the school year 2010 to 2011 and every subsequent school year must include a minimum of 30 courses of study at NQF level 2, of which at least 5 must be vocational.

(2) Subject to paragraph (4) the local curriculum for every maintained secondary school in local authority area B must include-

- (a) for the school year 2010 to 2011 a minimum of 28 courses of study at NQF level 2, of which at least 4 must be vocational; and
- (b) for every subsequent school year a minimum of 30 courses of study at NQF level 2, of which at least 5 must be vocational.

(3) Subject to paragraph (4) the local curriculum for every maintained secondary school in local authority area C must include-

- (a) for the school year 2010 to 2011 a minimum of 26 courses of study at NQF level 2, of which at least 4 must be vocational;
- (b) for the school year 2011 to 2012 a minimum of 28 courses of study at NQF level 2, of which at least 4 must be vocational; and
- (c) for every subsequent school year a minimum of 30 courses of study at NQF level 2, of which at least 5 must be vocational.

(4) A local authority may include a course of study at NQF level 1 instead of a course at NQF level 2 in the local curriculum for a maintained secondary school in its area if the same course is not available at NQF level 2 for pupils in the fourth key stage.

(I) 1971 c.80.

(5) Rhaid i'r lleiafswm o gyrsiau astudio galwedigaethol sy'n ofynnol gan baeagraffau (1), (2) a (3) ddod o fewn o leiaf 3 o'r meysydd dysgu.

Lleiafswm pwyntiau cyrsiau astudio mewn cwricwla lleol

5.-(1) Os bydd cwricwlwm lleol yn cynnwys 26 neu 27 o gyrsiau astudio rhaid bod gan y cyrsiau hynny werth pwyntiau cyfunol nad yw'n llai na 680 o bwyntiau.

(2) Os bydd cwricwlwm lleol yn cynnwys 28 neu 29 o gyrsiau astudio rhuid bed gan y cyrsiau hynny werth pwyntiau cyfunol nad yw'n llai na 720 o bwyntiau.

(3) Os bydd ewriewlwm lleol yn cynnwys 30 neu fwy o gyrsiau awtudio rhaid bod gan y cyrsiau hynny werth pwyntiau cyfunol nad yw'n llai na 780 o bwyntiau.

Lleiafswm pwyntiau cyrsiau astudio galwedigaethol mewn cwricwla lleol

6.-(1) Os bydd cwricwlwm lleol yn cynnwys 4 o gyrsiau astudio galwedigaethol rhaid bod gan y cyrsiau hynny werth pwyntiau cyfunol nad yw'n llai na 220 o bwyntiau.

(2) Os bydd cwriewlwm lleol yn cymrwys 5 o gyrsiau astudio galwedigaethol neu fwy rhaid bod gan y cyrsiau hynny werth pwyntiau cyfunol nad yw'n llai na 260 o bwyntiau.

Dewisiadau disgybl o gyrsiau cwricwlwm lleol

7. Ni chaiff disgybl ddewis dilyn cwrs neu gyfuniad o gyrsiau astadio o fewn cwricwlwm lleol os yw cyfanswm pwyntiau'r cwrs hwnnw neu'r cyfuniad hwntw o gyrsiau astadio yn fwy na 180 o bwyntiau heb gynnwys unrhyw bwyntiau a ddyrantwyd i gwrs neu gyrsiau astadio sy'n arwain at gymhwyster sgil allweddol y mae disgybl wedi dewis ei ddilyn.

Hyd y cyfnod pan fo'n rhaid i'r disgybl ddewis

 Rhaid i ddisgybl ddewis dilyn cwrs neu gyrsiau astudio o fewn cwriewlwm lleol yn ystod tymor y gwanwyn.

Penderfyniad y pennaeth ynghylch hawlogaeth

9.-(1) Os bydd pennaeth yn penderfynu o dan adran 116F(1) o Ddeddf 2002 nad oes hawlogaeth gan ddisgybl i ddilyn cwrs neu gyrsiau astudio rhaid iddo wneud hymny o fewn 28 o ddiwrnodau gwaith ar ôl dechnu tymor yr haf.

(2) Os bydd pennaeth yn penderfynu hynry rhaid iddo o fewn 3 diwmod gwaith o'r penderfyniad hwnrw hysbysu'r person perthnasol yn ysgrifenedig o'r materion canlynol-

(a) y penderfyniad a'r rhesymau drosto;

(5) The minimum number of vocational courses of study required by paragraphs (1), (2) and (3) must fall within at least 3 of the learning domains.

Minimum number of points of courses of study of local curricula

 (1) Where a local curriculum consists of 26 or 27 courses of study such courses must have a combined points value of no less than 680 points.

(2) Where a local curriculum consists of 28 or 29 courses of study such courses must have a combined points value of no less than 720 points.

(3) Where a local curriculum consists of 30 or more courses of study such courses must have a combined points value of no less than 780 points.

Minimum number of points of vocational courses of study of local curricula

6.-(1) Where a local curriculum consists of 4 vocational courses of study such courses must have a combined points value of no less than 220 points.

(2) Where a local curriculum consists of 5 or more vocational courses of study such courses must have a combined points value of no less than 260 points.

Pupil's choices of local curriculum courses

7. A pupil may not elect to follow a course or a combination of courses of study within a local curriculum if the aggregate points of such a course or such combination of courses of study exceed 180 points excluding any points allotted to a course or courses of study leading to a key skill qualification which a pupil has elected to follow.

Period during which a pupil's election must be made

 A pupil must elect to follow a course or courses of study within a local curriculum during the spring term.

Head teacher's decision as to entitlement

9.-(1) Where a head teacher decides under section 116F(1) of the 2002 Act that a pupil is not entitled to follow a course or courses of study he or she must do so within 28 working days following the start of the summer term.

(2) Where a head teacher so decides he or she must within 3 working days of that decision inform the relevant person in writing of the following matters-

(a) of the decision and the reasons for it;

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- (b) y caiff y person perthnasol wneud cais i'r pennaeth adolyga'r penderfyniad hwnnw;
- (c) o fewn pa gyfnod y mae'n rhaid gwneud cais o'r fath; ac
- (ch) y caiff y person perthnasol wneud sylwadau yn ysgrifenedig ynghylch y penderfyniad hwnnw i'r pennaeth.

(3) Rhaid i gais gan berson perthnasol o dan baragraff (2)(b) ac unrhyw sylwadau o dan baragraff (2)(ch) gael eu gwneud o fewn 5 diwrnod gwaith ar ôl iddo dderbyn hysbysiad y pennaeth o'i benderfyniad.

(4) Os bydd person perthnasol yn gwnead cais o dan buragraff (2)(b) i bennaeth adolygu ei benderfyniad rhaid i'r pennaeth wneud dyfarniad o fewn 10 diwrnod gwaith ar ôl iddo dderbyn y cais ac wrth iddo wneud hynny rhaid iddo ystyried-

- (a) o dan ba amgylchiadau y cafodd ei benderfyniad ei wneud;
- (b) unrhyw sylwadau ysgrifenedig a wnaed gan berson perthnasol ynglýn á'r penderfyniad hwnnw; ac
- (c) unrhyw arngylchiadau eraill y mae o'r farn eu bod yn berthnasol.

(5) Rhaid i'r pennaeth o fewn 3 diwrnod gwaith o'i ddyfarniad yn unol â pharagraff (4), hysbysu'r person perthnasol yn ysgrifenedig ohono a'r rhesymau drosto.

(6) Mae'r rheoliad hwn yn gymwys yn unig o ran y dewisiad cyntaf y mae disgybl yn ei wneud o dan adran 116D(1) o Ddeddf 2002 yn unol â rheoliad 7 (ac nid o ran unrhyw ddewisiad wedyn).

Penderfyniad pennaeth i ddileu hawlogaeth

10.-(1) Os bydd pennaeth yn penderfynu o dan adran 11600(1) o Ddeddf 2002 nad oes bellach gan ddisgybl hawlogaeth i ddilyn cwrs neu gyrsiau astadio, rhaid iddo o fewn 3 diwrnod gwaith o'r penderfyniad hwnnw hysbysu'r person perthnasol o'r materion canlynoi-

(a) y penderfyniad a'r rhesymau drosto;

- (b) y califf y person perthnasol wneud calis i'r pennaeth adolygu'r penderfyniad hwnnw;
- (c) o fewn pa gyfnod y mae'n rhaid gwneud cais o'r fath; ac
- (ch) y caiff y person perthnasol wneud sylwadau yn ysgrifenedig ynghylch y penderfyniad hwnnw i'r pennaeth.

(2) Nid oes gan ddisgybl hawlogaeth i ddilyn y cwrs neu'r cyrsiau astadio ar ôl dyddiad penderfyniad y pennaeth o dan adran 11689(1) o Ddeddf 2002.

(3) Rhaid i gais gan berson perthnasol o dan baragraff (1)(b) ac unrhyw sylwadau o dan baragraff (1)(ch) gael eu gwneud o fewn 5 diwrnod gwaith ar ôl iddo dderbyn hysbysiad y pennaeth o'i benderfyniad.

- (b) that the relevant person may request the head teacher review that decision;
- (c) the period within which such a request must be mede; and
- (d) that the relevant person may make representations in writing about that decision to the head teacher.

(3) A request by a relevant person under paragraph (2)(b) and any representations under paragraph (2)(d) must be made within 5 working days of his or her receipt of notice of the head teacher's decision.

(4) Where a relevant person requests under paragraph (2)(b) that a head teacher review his or her decision the head teacher must make a determination within 10 working days of receipt of the request and in so doing he or she must consider-

- (a) the circumstances in which his or her decision was made;
- (b) any written representations made by a relevant person about that decision; and
- (c) any other circumstances he or she considers relevant.

(5) The head teacher must within 3 working days of his or her determination pursuant to paragraph (4), inform the relevant person in writing of it and the reasons for it.

(6) This regulation applies only in relation to the first election a pupil makes under section 116D(1) of the 2002 Act in accordance with regulation 7 (and not in relation to any subsequent election).

Head teacher's decision to remove an entitlement

10.-(1) Where a head teacher decides under section 116H(1) of the 2002 Act that a pupil is no longer entitled to follow a course or courses of study, he or she must within 3 working days of that decision inform the relevant person of the following matters-

- (a) of the decision and the reasons for it;
- (b) that the relevant person may request the head teacher review that decision;
- (c) the period within which such a request must be made; and
- (d) that the relevant person may make representations in writing about that decision to the head teacher.

(2) A pupil is not entitled to follow the course or courses of study from the date of the head teacher's decision under section 11680(1) of the 2002 Act.

(3) A request by a relevant person under paragraph (1)(b) and any representations under paragraph (1)(d) must be made within 5 working days of his or her receipt of notice of the head teacher's decision. (4) Os bydd person perthnasol yn gwnead cais o dan baragraff (1)(b) i bennaeth adolygu ei benderfyniad rhaid i'r pesnaeth wneud dyfarniad o fewn 10 diwrnod gwaith ar ôl iddo dderbyn y cais ac wrth iddo wneud hynty rhaid iddo ystyried-

- (a) o dan ba amgylchiadau y cafodd ei benderfyniad ei wneud;
- (b) unrhyw sylwadau ysgrifenedig a wnaed gan berson penthnasol ynglýn á'r penderfyniad hwnnw; ac
- (c) unrhyw arngylchiadau eraill y mae o'r farn eu bod yn berthnasol.

(5) Rhaid i'r pennaeth o fewn 3 diwrnod gwaith o'i ddyfamiad yn unol â pharagraff (4), hysbysu'r person perthnasol yn ysgrifenedig oheno a'r rhesymau drosto.

Terfynau amser a hysbysiadau'n hepgor yr hawl i gael adolygiad

II. At ddibenion cyfrifo'r cyfnodau y cyfeirir atynt yn rheoliadau 9(2), (3), (4) a (5) a 10(1), (3), (4) a (5), bernir bod yr hysbysiad wedi ei rei i'r person o dan sylw-

- (a) os defayddir y post dosbarth cyntaf, ar yr ail ddiwrnod gwaith ar ôl dyddiad ei bostio;
- (b) os caiff yr bysbysiad ei draddodi â llaw, ar ddyddiad ei draddodi;
- (c) os defnyddir post electronig, ar y dyddiad y caiff ei anfon,

oni ddangosir i'r gwrthwyneb.

(4) Where a relevant person requests under paragraph (1)(b) that a bead teacher review his or her decision, the head teacher must make a determination within 10 working days of receipt of the request and in so doing he or she must consider-

- (a) the circumstances in which his or her decision was made;
- (b) any written representations made by a relevant person about that decision; and
- (c) any other circumstances he or she considers relevant.

(5) The head teacher must within 3 working days of his or her determination pursuant to paragraph (4), inform the relevant person in writing of it and the reasons for it.

Time limits and notices waiving right to review

 For the purpose of calculating the periods referred to in regulations 9(2), (3), (4) and (5) and 10(1), (3), (4) and (5), the notice is to be taken to have been given to the person in question-

- (a) where the first class post is used, on the second working day after the date of posting;
- (b) where the notice is delivered by hand, on the date of delivery;
- (c) where electronic mail is used, on the date of sending.

unless the contrary is shown.

John Griffiths

Y Dirprwy Weinidog dros Sgiliau, o dan awdurdod y Gweinidog dros Blant, Addysg, Dysgu Gydol Oes a Sgiliau, un o Weinidogion Cymru

8 Rhagfyr 2009

C-8 Hawlfinist y Goton 2009

Argenflwyd a chyhoeddwyd yn y Deymas Unedig gan The Stationery Office Limited o dan awdurdod ac arolygiaeth Carol Tallis, Rheolwr Gwang Ei Mawrhydi ac Argenflydd Doddlan Seneddel y Frenhines. Deputy Minister for Skills under authority of the Minister for Children, Education, Lifelong Learning and Skills, one of the Welsh Ministers

8 December 2009

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Argraffwyd yr Offeryn Statudol hwn yn lle'r OS sy'n dwyn yr un rhif ac fe'i dyroddir yn rhad ac am ddim i bawb y gwyddys iddynt gael yr Offeryn Statudol hwnnw.

OFFERYNNAU STATUDOL CYMRU

2014 Rhif 42 (Cy. 4)

ADDYSG, CYMRU

Rheoliadau Addysg (Cwricwlwm Lleol ar gyfer Disgyblion yng Nghyfnod Allweddol 4) (Cymru) (Diwygio) 2014

NODYN ESBONIADOL

(Nid yw'r nodyn hwn yn rhan o'r Rheoliadau)

Mewnosododd Mesur Dysgu a Sgiliau (Cymru) 2009 (mccc 1) ddarpariaethau newydd yn Rhan 7 o Ddeddf Addysg 2002. Mae Rhan 7 yn ymwneud â'r cwricwlwin mewn ysgolion a gynhelir yng Nghymru. O ganlyniad i Ran 1 o'r Mesur, mae'r cwricwlwin mewn ysgolion uwchradd a gynhelir yng Nghymru wedi ei ehangu i gynnwys hawlogaethau disgyblion mewn cwricwlwin lleol yng nghyfnod allweddol 4.

Gwnaeth Rheoliadau Addysg (Cwricwlwm Lleol ar gyfer Disgyblion yng Nghyfnod Allweddol 4) (Cymru) 2009 ("Rheoliadau 2009") ddarpariaeth o ran llunio'r cwricwlwm lleol, y dewisiadau y caiff disgybl eu gwneud, penderfyniad y pennaeth o ran hawlogaeth, a phenderfyniad y pennaeth i ddileu hawlogaeth.

Mae'r Rheoliadau hyn yn diwygio Rheoliadau 2009 fel bod rhaid i awdurdod lleol gynnwys lleiafswm o 25 o gyrniau yn ei gwriewlwm lleol, y mae rhaid i 3 ohonynt fod yn rhai galwedigaethol (rheoliad 2(a)). Mae'r Rheoliadau hyn hefyd yn diddynu rheoliadau 5 i 7 o Reoliadau 2009 fel nad oes gofyniad bellach i gyrsiau astudio yn y cwriewlwm lleol, na dewis y disgybl o gyrsiau cwriewlwm lleol, gael gwerth lleiafrwm o bwyntiau (rheoliad 2(b)).

Mae'r Rheoliadau hyn hefyd yn dileu'r geiriau diangen ym mhennawd rheoliad 11 o Reoliadau 2009 (rheoliad 2(c)). This Statutory Instrument has been printed in substitution of the SI of the same number and is being issued free of charge to all known recipients of that Statutory Instrument.

> WELSH STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

2014 No. 42 (W. 4)

EDUCATION, WALES

The Education (Local Curriculum for Pupils in Key Stage 4) (Wales) (Amendment) Regulations 2014

EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This note is not part of the Regulations)

The Learning and Skills (Wales) Measure 2009 (nawm 1) inserted new provisions into Part 7 of the Education Act 2002. Part 7 concerns the curriculum in maintained schools in Wales. As a result of Part 1 of the Measure the curriculum in maintained secondary schools in Wales is expanded to include the local curriculum entitlements of pupils in key stage 4.

The Education (Local Curriculum for Pupils in Key Stage 4) (Wales) Regulations 2009 ('the 2009 Regulations') made provision as to the formation of the local curriculum, the elections a pupil may make, the head teacher's decision as to entitlement, and the head teacher's decision to remove an entitlement.

These Regulations amend the 2009 Regulations so that the minimum number of courses that a local authority must include in its local curriculum are 25, of which 3 must be vocational (regulation 2(a)). These Regulations also repeal regulations 5 to 7 of the 2009 Regulations so that there is no longer a requirement for courses of study in the local curriculum, nor for a pupil's choices of local curriculum courses, to have a minimum points value (regulation 2(b)).

These Regulations also remove unnecessary wording in the heading to regulation 11 of the 2009 Regulations (regulation 2(c)).

OFFERYNNAU STATUDOL CYMRU

2014 Rhif 42 (Cy. 4)

ADDYSG, CYMRU

Rheoliadau Addysg (Cwriewlwm Lleol ar gyfer Disgyblion yng Nghyfnod Allweddol 4) (Cymru) (Diwygio) 2014

Gwnaed	13 Ionawr 2014
Gosodwyd gerbron Cymru	Cynulliad Cenedlaethol 15 Ionawr 2014
Yn dod i rym	5 Chwefror 2014

Mae Gweinidogion Cymru drwy arfer y pwerau a roddwyd iddynt gan adrannau 116A(5), 116D(2) a 210 o Ddeddf Addysg 2002(1) yn gwneud y Rheoliadau a ganlyn.

Enwi, cychwyn a chymhwyso

1.--(1) Enw'r Rheoliadau hyn yw Rheoliadau Addysg (Cwricwlwm Lleol ar gyfer Disgyblion yng Nghyfnod Allweddol 4) (Cymru) (Diwygio) 2014 a deuant i rym ar 5 Chwefror 2014.

(2) Mae'r Rheoliadau hyn yn gymwys o ran Cymru.

Diwygio Rheoliadau Addysg (Cwricwlwm Lleol ar gyfer Disgyblion yng Nghyfnod Allweddol 4) (Cymru) 2009

2. Mae Rheoliadau Addysg (Cwricwlwm Lleol ar gyfer Disgyblion yng Nghyfnod Allweddol 4) (Cymru) 2009(2) wedi eu diwygio fel a ganlyn-

(a) yn lle rheoliad 4 rhodder—

WELSH STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

2014 No. 42 (W. 4)

EDUCATION, WALES

The Education (Local Curriculum for Pupils in Key Stage 4) (Wales) (Amendment) Regulations 2014

Made	13 January 2014
Laid before the National J	Assembly for Wales 15 January 2014
Coming into force	5 February 2014

The Welsh Ministers in exercise of the powers conferred on them by sections 116A(5), 116D(2) and 210 of the Education Act 2002(1) make the following Regulations.

Title, commencement and application

1.-(1) The title of these Regulations is the Education (Local Curriculum for Pupils in Key Stage 4) (Wales) (Amendment) Regulations 2014 and they come into force on 5 February 2014.

(2) These Regulations apply in relation to Wales.

Amendment of the Education (Local Curriculum for Pupils in Key Stage 4) (Wales) Regulations 2009

2. The Education (Local Curriculum for Pupils in Key Stage 4) (Wales) Regulations 2009(2) are amended as follows-

(a) for regulation 4 substitute-

^{(1) 2002} p.32. Mewnosodwyd adran 116A gan adran 4 o Fesur Dysgu (1) 2002 p.32. Stewardstowyd adam i tox gan achin 4 o Pelur Dysgu a Sgiliau (Cymru) 2009 (nccc 1). Mewnosodwyd adam 11dD gan adran 7 o Fesur Dysgu a Sgiliau (Cymru) 2009.
(2) O.S. 2009/3256 (Cy/284), fel y'i drwygiwyd gan O.S. 2010/1142 (Cy.101) ac O.S. 2010/2431 (Cy/209).

^{(1) 2002} c.32. Section 116A was inserted by section 4 of the Learning and Skills (Wales) Measure 2009 (nawm 1). Section 116D was inserted by section 7 of the Learning and Skills (Wales) Measure

^{2009.} (2) S.I. 2009/3256 (W.284), as amended by S.I. 2010/1142 (W.101) and S.I. 2010/2431 (W.209).

"Lleiafswm cyrsiau astudio mewn cwricwla lleol

4.—(1) Rhaid i'r cwricwlwm lleol ar gyfer pob ysgol uwchradd a gynhelir yng Nghymru gymwys lleiafswm o 25 o gyrsiau astudio ar lefel 2 NQF, y mae'n rhaid i o leiaf 3 ohonynt fod yn rhai galwedigaethol.

(2) Caiff awdurdod lleol gynnwys cwrs astadio ar lefel 1 NQF yn hytrach na chwrs ar lefel 2 NQF yn y cwricwlwnn lleol ar gyfer ysgol uwchradd a gynhelir o fewn ei ardal os nad yw'r un cwrs ar gael ar lefel 2 NQF i ddisgyblion yng nghyfnod allweddol pedwar.";

- (b) hepgorer rheoliadau 5 i 7; ac
- (c) ym mhennawd rheoliad 11 hepgorer "a hysbysiadau'n hepgor yr hawl i gael adolygiad".

"Minimum number of courses of study of local curricula

4.—(1) The local curriculum for every maintained secondary school in Wales must include a minimum of 25 courses of study at NQF level 2, of which at least 3 must be vocational.

(2) A local authority may include a course of study at NQF level 1 instead of a course at NQF level 2 in the local curriculum for a maintained secondary school in its area if the same course is not available at NQF level 2 for pupils in the fourth key stage.";

- (b) omit regulations 5 to 7; and
- (c) in the heading to regulation 11 omit "and notices waiving right to review".

Haw Lewis

Y Gweinidog Addysg a Sgiliau, un o Weinidogion Cymra

13 Ionawr 2014

Argraflwyd a chyboeddwyd yn y Deyrnas Unedig gan The Stationery Office Limited o dan awdardod ac atolygiaeth Carol Tullo, Rheelver Gwang Ei Mawrhydi ac Argraflydd Deddfau Seneddol y Frenhines. Minister for Education and Skills, one of the Welsh Ministers

13 January 2014

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Og-Hawlfraint y Goron 2014

Annex C: Related documents

Related documents

Learning and Skills (Wales) Measure 2009: (www.opsi.gov.uk/legislation/wales/mwa2009/mwa_20090001_ en_1)

Education (Local Curriculum for Pupils in Key Stage 4) (Wales) Regulations 2009 www.opsi.gov.uk/legislation/wales/wsi2009/wsi_20093256_en_1

The Collaboration Between Maintained Schools (Wales) Regulations 2008: www.opsi.gov.uk/legislation/wales/wsi2008/wsi_20080168_en_1

The Collaboration Arrangements (Maintained Schools and Further Education Bodies) (Wales) Regulations 2008: www.opsi.gov.uk/ legislation/wales/wsi2008/wsi_20083082_en_1

Collaborative Arrangements between Further Education Institutions and Schools Guidance www.wales.gov.uk/topics/educationandskills/publications/guidance

Special Educational Needs Code of Practice for Wales 2002

Inclusion and Pupil Support Guidance 2006

Programme for Government

The Learning Country: Vision into Action

Learning Pathways 14-19 Guidance II

School Standards and Organisation (Wales) Act 2013

Welsh-medium Education Strategy (2010)

Youth Engagement and Progression Framework Implementation Plan www.wales.gov.uk/topics/educationandskills/skillsandtraining/ youthengagement/?lang=en